

In partnership with:

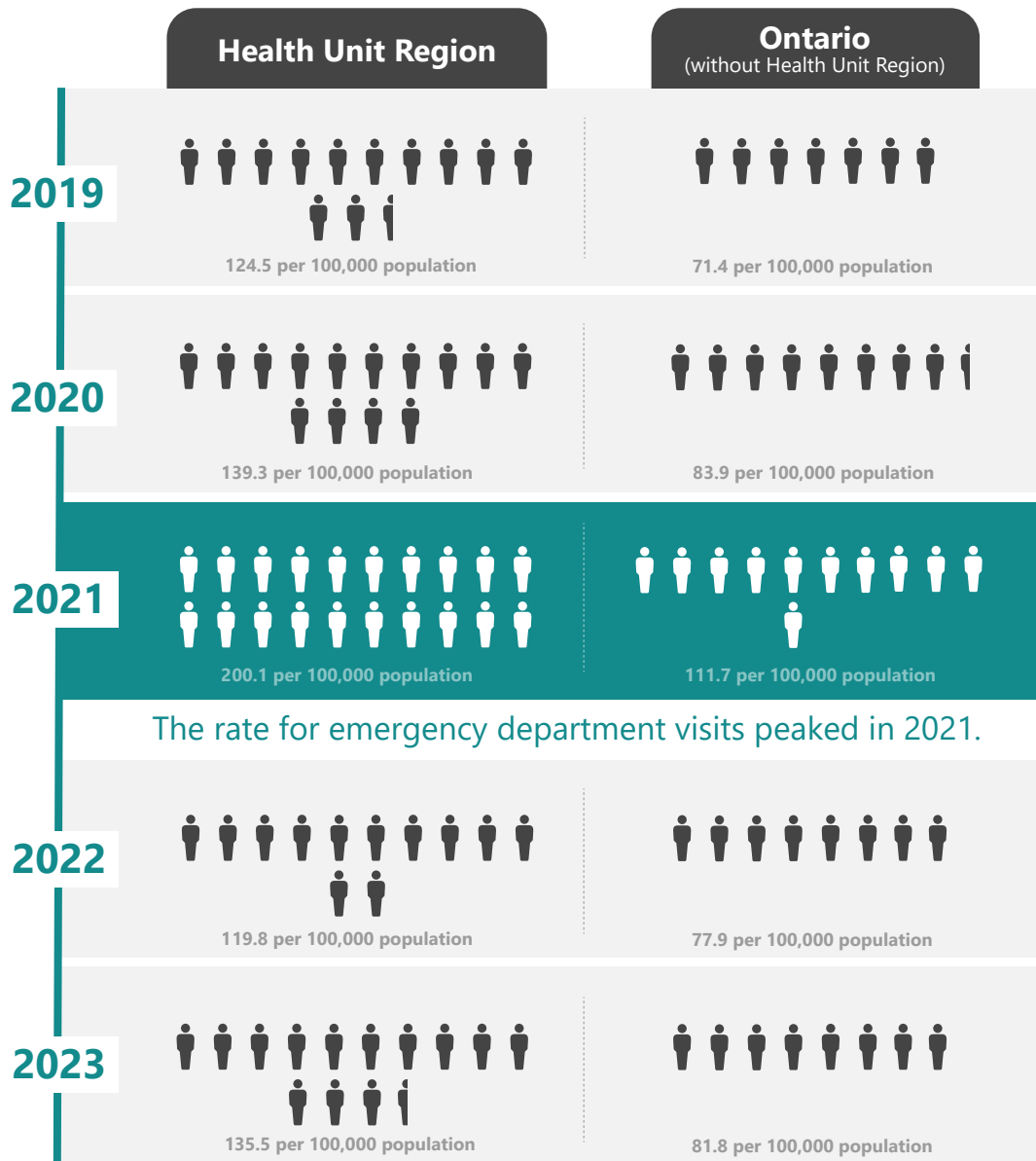


Health Unit Region = County of Haliburton, City of Kawartha Lakes, and Northumberland County, ON, Canada.

 = 10 people per 100,000 population



Opioid-related Emergency Department Visits



The rate for emergency department visits peaked in 2021.

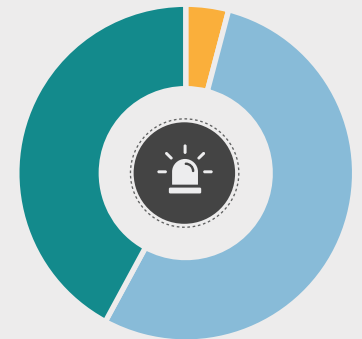
The pictorial representation is approximated to the nearest 5 or 10.

1.6x

In 2023, the rate of opioid-related emergency department visits in the Health Unit Region was **over 1.6 times** that of the provincial rate.

Source: National Ambulatory Care Reporting System (NACRS)

Opioid-related Emergency Department Visits in 2023

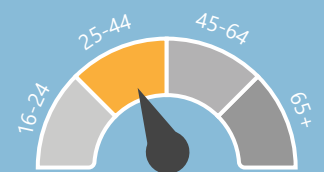


Percentage by County

4.1%
County of Haliburton

53.8%
City of Kawartha Lakes

42.1%
Northumberland County



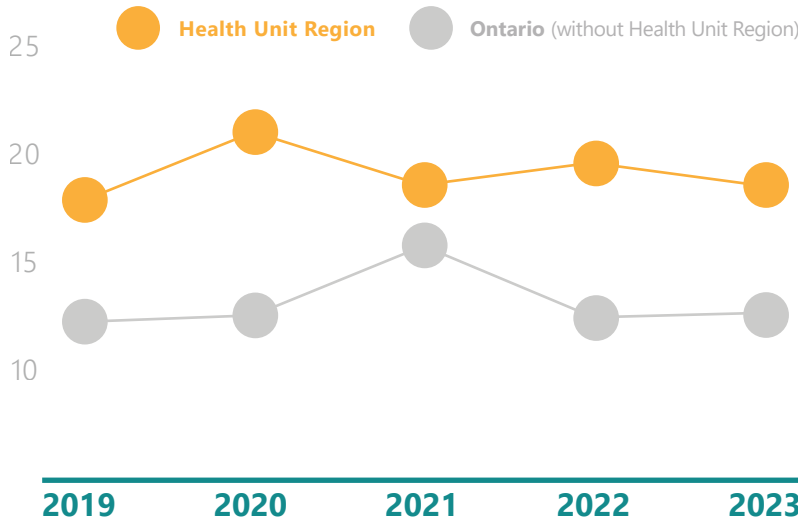
The highest rate of opioid-related ED visits was among

25-44 years old.



Opioid-related Hospitalizations

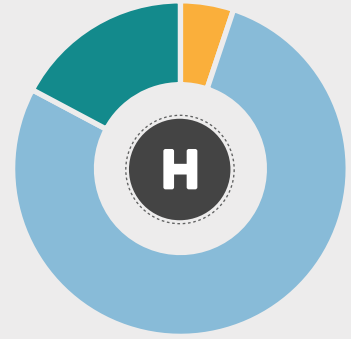
Rate per 100,000



The rate of opioid-related hospitalizations among Health Unit Region residents has been **higher** than the rate for the rest of Ontario (excluding Health Unit Region) since 2018.



Opioid-related Hospitalizations in 2023



Percentage by County

5.7%
County of Haliburton

77.1%
City of Kawartha Lakes

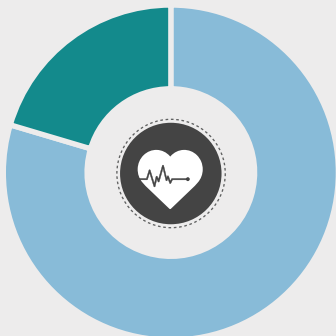
17.1%
Northumberland County

1.3x

In 2023, the opioid-related hospitalization rate for the Health Unit Region was **nearly 1.3 times** that of the provincial rate.

Source: Discharge Abstract Database (DAD)

Opioid-related Deaths in 2023



Percentage by County

0%
County of Haliburton

66.7%
City of Kawartha Lakes

33.3%
Northumberland County

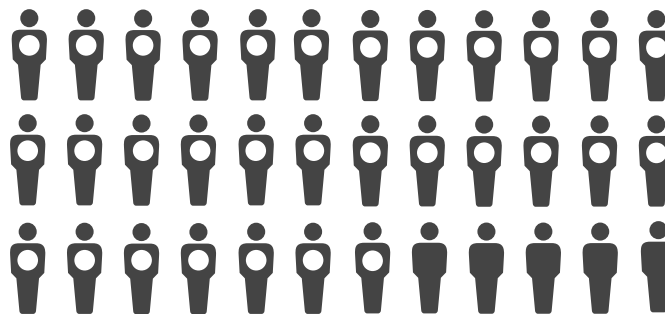


Opioid-related Deaths

Between 2018-2023, opioid-related deaths have increased with a total number of **205 deaths** in the six-year period.

The highest number of opioid-related deaths in a single year was **50 people** in **2021**.

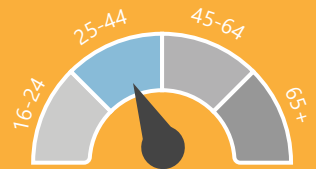
2023



= 1 person = Fentanyl present

Fentanyl was present at **86.1%** (31/36) of opioid-related deaths that occurred within the Health Unit Region in 2023.

Source: Office of the Chief Coroner (OCC)



The highest rate of opioid-related hospitalizations visits was among

25-44 years old.